1. (original): An azo dye of formula I, II or III

wherein R_1 and R_2 are each independently of the other one or more divalent groups selected from alkylene, arylene, aralkylene and cycloalkylene, which may be interrupted by -O-, -S-, -NH-, -NR₈-, -COO-, -CONH- or -CONR₉-, wherein R_8 and R_9 are alkyl or aryl,

X is -O- or -NH-,

R₃ is -CN or -CONH₂,

R4 is methyl or trifluoromethyl and

 $R_5,\,R_6,\,R_7$ and R_8 are each independently of the others hydrogen, halogen or -CN.

2. (original): An azo dye of formula I, II or III according to claim 1, wherein R₃ is -CN and R₄ is methyl.

- 3. (currently amended): An azo dye of formula I, II or III according to either claim 1-or claim 2, wherein R_1 and R_2 are C_2 - C_8 alkylene, C_6 - C_{14} arylene or C_8 - C_{22} aralkylene.
- 4. (currently amended): An azo dye of formula I, II or III according to either claim 1-or claim 2, wherein R_1 and R_2 are a group of formula IV

XH being bonded to the alkylene group and X being -O-.

5. (original): The azo dye of formula la according to claim 1

6. (original): A process for the preparation of an azo dye of formula I, II or III according to claim 1, which comprises diazotizing an anthraquinone compound of formula V, VI or VII

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R_8 & & & \\ \hline \\ R_7 & O & \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} R_5 \\ \hline \\ R_6 & \\ \hline \end{array} \hspace{1cm} \text{(VII),}$$

wherein R₅, R₆, R₇ and R₈ are as defined in claim 1,

in accordance with a conventional method, and then coupling to a coupling component of formula VIII

$$R_4$$
 R_3
 $NH-R_2$
 XH
 R_1
 XH

wherein R_1 , R_2 R_3 , R_4 and X are as defined in claim 1.

- 7. (original): A method of producing coloured plastics or polymeric colour particles that comprises mixing a high molecular weight organic material with a tinctorially effective amount of at least one azo dye of formula I, II or III according to claim 1.
- 8. (original): A method of producing coloured plastics or polymeric colour particles that comprises causing a mixture comprising at least one monomer that contains at least one NH- or OH-reactive group and is capable of polymerisation, polyaddition or polycondensation reactions to react with at least one compound of formula I, II or III according to claim 1.
- 9. (cancelled).
- 10. (currently amended): Plastics or polymeric colour particles coloured in accordance with a method according to either claim 7-or claim 8.
- 11. (cancelled).
- 12. (new): Plastics or polymeric colour particles coloured in accordance with a method according to claim 8.

13. (new): A method of producing colour filters that comprises coating a substrate with a high molecular weight organic material that contains a tinctorially effective amount of at least one compound of formula I, II or III according to claim 1.